

FTIR SPECTRUM OF 1-BROMO-3-FLUORO-4-IODOBENZENE

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ABSTRACT

The present study deals with the infrared absorption spectrum of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene. The infrared absorption spectrum of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene has been recorded on Perkin Elmer spectrophotometer in the region $400\text{--}4000\text{ cm}^{-1}$ using KBr pellet technique. The analysis of spectrum has been made and the assignment of fundamental frequencies to various modes of vibration have been proposed by using these frequencies.

Key words: FTIR spectra, 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene.

INTRODUCTION

Some of the vibrational modes of benzene are substituent sensitive. To understand this, the vibrational study of substituted benzenes is desirable. Literature is available on mono and disubstituted benzenes^{1,2}. However on trisubstituted benzenes such studies are limited. The assignment of vibrational frequencies of some trisubstituted benzene compounds was made by Deb and Banerjee³ by studying the Raman and infrared spectra of the compounds. Such assignment was not made by any previous worker in the case of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene. In fact the infrared spectra of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene was not known. The present investigation was undertaken to study the infrared spectra of said molecule.

EXPERIMENTAL

The compound 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene of spectroscopic grade was obtained from sigma-Aldrich chemical co. U.S.A. and used as such. The infrared spectrum was recorded on perkin Elmer spectrophotometer in the region $400\text{--}4000\text{ cm}^{-1}$ by using KBr. Pellet technique.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The structural diagram of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene is given in fig. 1. Infrared absorption spectra of molecule under investigation is shown in fig.2. Aromatic compound shows the C-H stretching absorption in the region $3000\text{--}3100\text{ cm}^{-1}$. In said molecule there are two C-H stretching frequencies at 3022 and 3073 cm^{-1} in the infrared

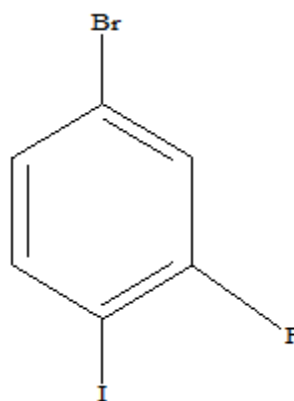


Fig. - 1: 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene

spectrum. Whiffen⁵ has been able to show that all the bands assigned with reasonably high precision to summation bands of the C-H out of plane fundamental which occur between 700-1000 cm⁻¹⁶. In the infrared spectrum, there are usually a number of medium to weak sharp bands in the region 1000-1300 cm⁻¹ region many of which involve in plane C-H bending vibration⁷. Some times strongly mixed with C=C vibration^{8,9}. The same result have been observed in the spectrum of the compound (Table - 1).

The appearance of a group of six bands in the region 1000-1650 cm⁻¹ represent C=C stretching modes. All the frequencies are known to remain practically unaffected by substitution. These modes in the title compound are in agreement with the literature available for substituted benzenes¹⁰. In substituted benzene the strong C-F stretching vibrations are appear near 1220 cm⁻¹ and 1250 cm⁻¹^{10, 11}. One C-Br stretching vibrational frequency has been assigned at 568 cm⁻¹ and C-I Stretching vibration frequency has been assigned at 1275 cm⁻¹¹¹.

Table - 1: Observed vibrational frequencies of FTIR spectrum of 1-bromo-3-fluoro-4-iodobenzene

Frequencies (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignments
445	vs	C=C in Plane Bending
500	s	C=C out of Plane Bending
535	s	C=C out of Plane Bending
568	vs	C-Br stretching
684	w	C-H out of plane bending
701	vw	C-H out of plane bending
807	s	C-H out of plane bending
858	s	C-H out of plane bending
934	w	C-H out of plane bending
1031	vs	C-H in plane bending
1077	vs	C-H in plane bending
1100	m	C-H in plane bending
1134	m	C-H in plane bending
1220	s	C-F stretching
1250	m	C-F stretching
1275	m	C-I stretching
1393	s	C=C stretching
1433	w	C=C stretching
1500	w	C=C stretching
1556	ms	C=C stretching
1572	w	C=I stretching
1617	w	C=I stretching
1877	w	-
2317	w	-
2709	w	-
3022	w	C-H stretching
3073	mw	C-H stretching

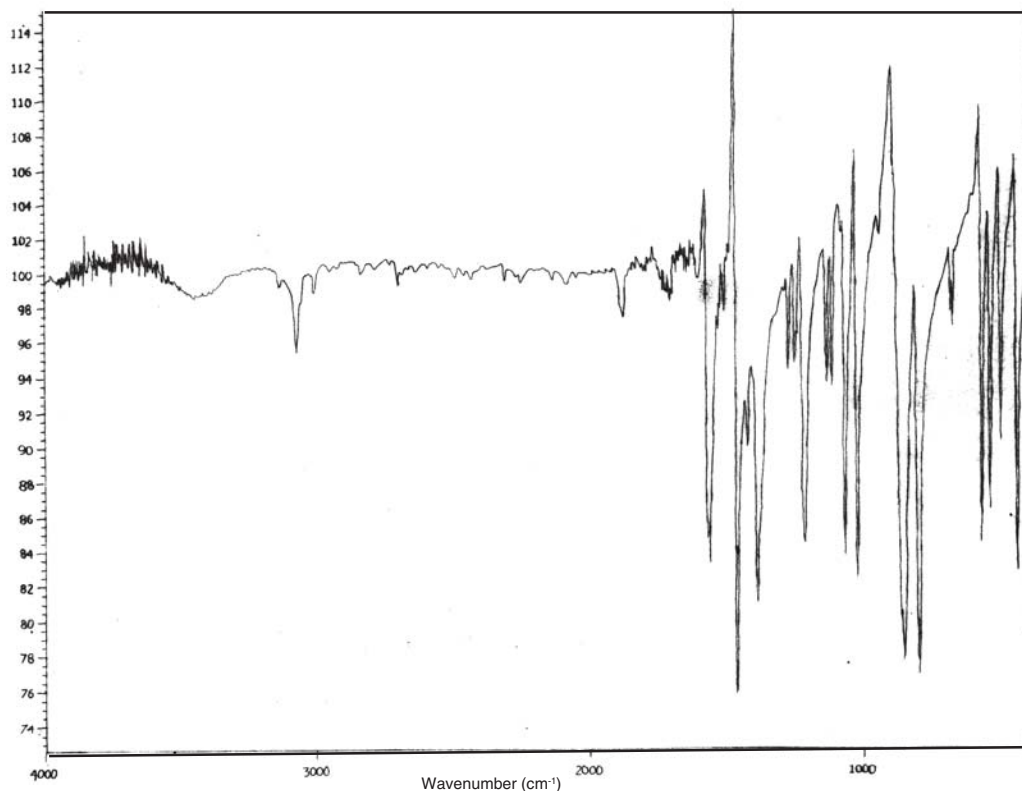


Fig. - 2: I.R. Spectra of 1-Bromo - 3-fluoro - 4-iodobenzene in KBr pellets

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